

REVERSE OSMOSIS APPLIANCE



OWNER'S MANUAL AND INSTALLATION GUIDE MODELS H3500, H6000, AND LC100P VERSION 2.0



25 Year Limited Warranty

To place the equipment under warranty, the warranty registration card must be completed and returned by the original owner to the warrantor, Hague Quality Water International, within 30 days of installation. 4343 South Hamilton Road. Groveport, OH 43125.

Coverage

This warranty covers specified parts of the Hague **WaterMax**[®] Reverse Osmosis Appliance delivered to the original owner when the appliance is purchased for personal, family, or household use from an independent Hague dealer. Appliances installed in commercial establishments will only qualify for the Commercial Three Year Limited Warranty; please refer to form #F0105. It is intended to cover defects in workmanship or materials or both.

Warrantor's Performance and Length of Warranty

Hague Quality Water International warrants that upon receipt from the owner of any Hague RO dispensing spigot, filter housing and cap, PCF filter housing and cap, membrane housing and cap, found to be defective in material or workmanship, Hague will repair or replace the defective item, at no charge for that item, for 25 YEARS from date of installation.

Hague Quality Water International further warrants that upon receipt from the owner of the RO storage tank that is found to be defective in material or workmanship, Hague will repair or replace the defective item, at no charge, for 5 YEARS from date of installation. If the permeate pump and/or auto shut-off valve are found to be defective in material or workmanship, Hague will repair or replace the defective parts, at no charge for those parts, for 2 YEARS from date of installation. If the membrane is found to be defective in material or workmanship, Hague will repair or replace the defective part for 1 YEAR from date of Installation.

Should a defect or malfunction occur, contact your dealer. If you are unable to contact your dealer, then contact Hague Quality Water International.

All defective parts must be returned, along with the equipment serial number and date of original installation, to an authorized Hague dealer or Hague Quality Water International PREPAID, and replacement parts will be returned by Hague FREIGHT COLLECT.

Further Exclusions and Limitations on Warranty:

This warranty is null and void unless the Hague Appliance was purchased from an independent Hague dealer.

THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE DESCRIBED IN THIS WARRANTY INSTRUMENT.

This warranty does not cover any service call or labor costs incurred with respect to the removal and replacement of any defective part or parts. Hague Quality Water International will not be liable for, nor will it pay service call or labor charges incurred or expended with respect to this warranty.

In the event the water supply being processed through this product contains bacterial iron, algae, sulphur, tannins, organic matter, or other unusual substances, then unless the appliance is represented as being capable of handling these substances in the appliance specifications, other special treatment of the water supply must be used to remove these substances before they enter this product. Otherwise, Hague Quality Water International shall have no obligations under this warranty.

This warranty does not cover damage to a part or parts of the appliance from causes such as fire, accidents, freezing, or unreasonable use, abuse, or neglect by the owner.

This warranty does not cover damage to a part or parts of the appliance resulting from improper installation. All plumbing and electrical connections should be made in accordance with all local codes and the installation instructions provided with the appliance. The warranty does not cover damage resulting from use with inadequate or defective plumbing; inadequate or defective water supply or pressure; inadequate or defective house wiring; improper voltage, electrical service, or electrical connections; or violation of applicable building, plumbing, or electrical codes, laws, ordinances, or regulations.

THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT COVER INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SECONDARY DAMAGES. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES ON THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED IN THIS WARRANTY WILL NOT BE EFFECTIVE AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THIS WARRANTY.

No dealer, agent, representative, or other person is authorized to extend or expand this limited warranty.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations and exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.



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GENERAL OWNER INFORMATION



Information

Congratulations on choosing a superior Hague water treatment appliance! Use this guide to attain the maximum benefit from your appliance. As an owner, you may find the first few pages to be the most helpful in solving your needs. If you have trouble with the operation of your appliance, see *Troubleshooting* in the back of this manual or contact your independent Hague dealer.

Warning: This appliance must be applied to potable water only. It is recommended that an independent Hague dealer install and maintain this appliance.

Note: The manufacturer reserves the right to make specification and product changes without prior notice.

This manual is for installation, operation, and maintenance of the following RO appliance models:

- WaterMax® H3500
- WaterMax[®] LC100P
- WaterMax[®] H6000

For Owner's Reference

Date of Installation:			
Model Number:			
Serial Number ¹ :			
Installer's Signature:			
Dealership Name:			
Dealership Address:			
Dealership Phone Number:			
Hardness:	Iron:	pH:	
Water Pressure:			
Water Temp:			
Returned Warranty Card Da	te²:		

¹ The serial number is located on top of the mounting bracket.

² Completely fill out the Warranty Card and return it by mail to ensure that the appliance is registered with the factory and the warranty becomes validated.



Service Log

Services

We recommend that you have your local independent Hague dealer service this appliance.

Date	Pre Filter	Pre Carbon	Membrane	PC Filter	Post Carbon	Flow Restrictor	Check Valve	Sanitize	Air Precharge	Shutoff Valve	Water Pressure	Water Temperature	рН	Feed TDS	Product TDS	% Rejection	% Recovery	Notes

Important: Meeting operational maintenance and replacement requirements are essential for this product to perform to specifications. Hague recommends that the storage tank be drained weekly to maintain highest quality water.



Introduction to Reverse Osmosis

Reverse Osmosis (RO) operates by removing contaminants from water at the molecular level. By using your household water pressure to squeeze your water against a special membrane, water molecules are separated from impurities. Rejected dissolved solids are automatically rinsed down the drain leaving only high-quality, delicious water for you to use.

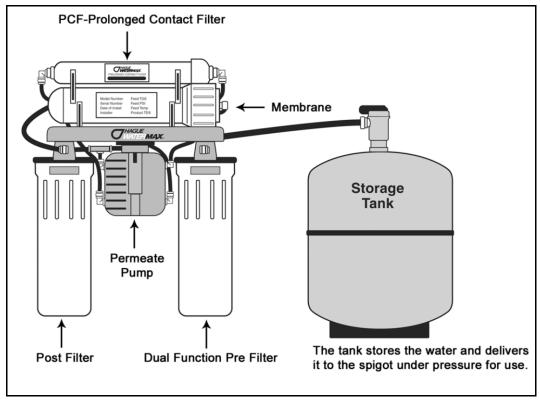


Figure 1: H3500 RO Appliance



General Information

- WaterMax[®] Reverse Osmosis Drinking Water Appliances replenish at about one-half gallon per hour, depending on your tap water pressure and the water temperature. Low water pressure and temperature will cause all RO appliances to produce a lower quantity of treated water. This appliance is designed with a self-regulating flush feature that limits the reject water to approximately four gallons for every gallon of permeate water. Your RO will perform better and last longer with heavy use. We encourage you to water house plants, provide water for pets, cook, mix drinks, fill batteries, etc., with RO water.
- 2. The storage tank will store between two and three gallons of water.

Note: The storage tank will operate in either a horizontal or a vertical position to permit convenient placement under your sink. Additional tanks may be added to your appliance to provide more storage, space permitting.

- 3. Your **WaterMax**[®] RO Drinking Water Appliance can be connected to your automatic ice maker and cold water dispenser in the refrigerator door. You may also want to install additional spigots in remote locations such as at a wet bar.
- 4. Your WaterMax[®] RO Drinking Water Appliance is designed to be used on cold water only. Never run warm or hot water through your appliance.

Caution: Connect to the cold water supply only!

Warning: Do not allow your appliance to freeze.

- 5. The rate that water will dispense through your treated water spigot will not be as strong as your regular sink faucet. The appliance is designed to operate at up to 90% of your regular sink's water pressure.
- 6. The **WaterMax**[®] spigot has two dispensing positions. Push down on the black handle for intermittent flow, or lift the handle to a vertical position for continuous flow. The spout may be turned clockwise or counterclockwise for convenient use. The spigot handle may also be repositioned for your convenience.



How Your Appliance Works

Your **WaterMax**[®] Drinking Water Appliance has been designed as a complete, self-contained appliance using five stages of primary filtration and separation. The frequency in which membranes and filters should be replaced depends upon the quality of the water that enters the appliance (feed water).

Meeting operational maintenance and replacement requirements are essential for this appliance to perform to specification. Contact your local dealer for replacement filters and parts, or contact Hague Quality Water International for the dealer nearest you.

First Stage–The Pre-Filters

Your RO appliance uses one or more pre-filters to help protect the reverse osmosis membrane.

Pre-Filter	Model Number	Function
Sediment	H6000	Reduces suspended and particulate matter 5 microns or larger from the incoming tap water to protect the RO membrane and any Carbon Pre-Filter from clogging
Carbon	H6000	Reduces aesthetic chlorine from the feed water and protects the membrane from chlorine degradation
Dual-Function (DFC) (combination sediment and carbon)	H3500, LC100P	Protects the membrane from clogging and chlorine degradation

Sediment Pre-Filter Maintenance—Model H6000

If you are using softened water, replace your Sediment Pre-Filter annually. If you are not using softened water, the replacement interval will vary. Every six months, schedule an inspection and replace the Sediment Pre-Filter as necessary. If you notice a discoloration in the core (center) of the Sediment Pre-Filter and/or a heavy accumulation of sediment on the surface of the Sediment Pre-Filter, then replacement is necessary. The maximum recommended practical service life of the Sediment Pre-Filter is one year. The pre-filter is overdue for change when you notice reduced water production or a slower rate of flow.

Note: The Sediment Pre-Filter performance has not been tested or certified by WQA.

Carbon Pre-Filter Maintenance—Model H6000

Changing the Carbon Pre-Filter should be based on the free chlorine levels in the feed water. If the free chlorine is 1 ppm or less, then the Carbon Pre-Filter should be replaced once a year. If the free chlorine level is greater than 1 ppm, then the Carbon Pre-Filter should be replaced every six months.

Note: Models H6000 and H3500 also incorporate a special prolonged contact filter (PCF) that further reduces aesthetic chlorine from your water supply. The performance of this filter has not been tested or certified by WQA.

Dual-Function Pre-Filter Maintenance—Models H3500, and LC100P

Follow the same maintenance procedures as for the Sediment Pre-Filter.



How Your Appliance Works, Cont.

Second Stage—The Reverse Osmosis Membrane

The semi-permeable RO membrane separates the majority of the remaining suspended solids and most of the dissolved solids from the water molecules. These separated impurities are then washed down the drain.

Maintenance

The RO membrane is critical for effective reduction of total dissolved solids. The product water should be tested periodically to verify that the appliance is performing satisfactorily. The RO membrane should be changed when it rejects less than 75% of the dissolved solids. A noticeable change in water quality and taste may occur and indicates that a change is needed. Consult your Hague dealer for additional monitoring devices or water check programs.

Note: The installation of your **WaterMax**[®] RO appliance on a soft water supply will greatly increase the life of its membrane.

Third Stage—Carbon Post-Filter

The Activated Carbon Post-Filter is the final stage of filtration. It reduces tastes, odors, and aesthetic chlorine.

Maintenance

Replace the Carbon Post-Filter at least once a year.

Note: The performance of the Carbon Post-Filter has not been tested or certified by WQA.

Getting Maximum Efficiency From the Appliance

This appliance should be used only with potable water. It contains replaceable components critical to its efficiency. Replacement of the components should be with ones of identical specifications, as defined by Hague, to assure the same efficiency and contaminant reduction performance. See Performance Data Sheet.



WQA–Performance Data Sheet

Reverse Osmosis / Activated Carbon Drinking Water Appliance



Our H3500 Reverse Osmosis Drinking Water Appliances have been tested and conform to NSF/ANSI Standard 58. The water treatment performance for specific claims are substantiated and verified by the "Reduction Performance" test data listed below. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the appliance was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to permissible limits for water leaving the appliance, as specified in NSF/ANSI Standard 58. While testing was performed under standard laboratory conditions actual performance may vary. H6000 and H3500 are certified by WQA to NSF/ANSI Standard 58.

	Performance Claims for H3500 / H6000							
Substance	Influent challenge concentration mg/L	Maximum permissible product water concentration mg/L	Minimum % Reduction	Average % Reduction				
Arsenic (+5)*	0.30 ± 10%	0.010	98.1	99.0				
Barium	10.0 ± 10%	2.0	95.0	98.8				
Cadmium	0.03 ± 10%	0.005	94.0	98.3				
Chromium (+6)	0.3 ± 10%	0.1	95.5	98.3				
Chromium (+3)	0.3 ± 10%	0.1	98.4	99.0				
Copper	3.0 ± 10%	1.3	95.0	98.4				
Fluoride	8.0 ± 10%	1.5	87.0	93.8				
Radium (226/228)	25 pCi/L	5 pCi/L	95.0	98.8				
Selenium	0.10 ± 10%	0.05	94.4	97.9				
Turbidity	11 ± 1 NTU	0.5 NTU	96.4	98.7				
TDS (H6000)	750 ± 40	187	86.6	90.1				
TDS (H3500)	750 ± 40	187	86.6	90.1				
Lead*	0.15 ±-10%	0.010	90.4	96.8				
Nitrate + Nitrite (both as N)*	30.0 ±-10%	10.0	-	-				
Nitrate (as N)*	27.0 ±-10%	10.0	78.8	85.1				
Nitrite (as N)*	3.0 ±-10%	1.0	59.6	75.1				

*Claim only certified by WQA for H3500 unit.

	Test Parameters
pH	7.5±0.5
TDS	200-500 mg/L
Temperature	77±2°F 25±1°C
Turbidity	≤ 1 NTU
Pressure	50±3 psi

* This appliance has been tested for the treatment of water containing pentavalent arsenic (also known as As(V), As(+5), or arsenate) at concentrations of 0.30 mg/L or less. This appliance reduces pentavalent arsenic, but may not remove other forms of arsenic. This appliance is to be used on water supplies containing a detectable free chlorine residual at the appliance inlet or on water supplies that have been demonstrated to contain only pentavalent arsenic. Treatment with chloramine (combined chlorine) is not sufficient to ensure complete conversion of trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. Please see the Arsenic Facts section.

WARNING! These appliances must not be installed where the water source is unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before and/or after the appliance! A water source that is not potable relative to waterborne pathogens voids the warranty.

Operational maintenance and replacement requirements are essential for these appliances to perform to specification as advertised.

FACTORS WHICH AFFECT THE LIFETIME AND PERFORMANCE OF YOUR WATERMAX® RO

- TYPE OF MEMBRANE: Thin-Film Composite (TFC): Up to 2,000 PPM TDS with pressure of at least 40 psi (276 kPa). Not chlorine tolerant-Bacteria resistant- 5.0 to 9.0 pH. Most advanced thin-film composite, non-cellulosic- Chemically stable- Highest production rate.
- 2. SQUARE FEET OF MEMBRANE: The square feet of membrane and the production of RO water are in direct proportions.
- WATER PRESSURE: The higher the net pressure across the membrane, the greater the quantity of RO water. A minimum pressure of 40 psi (276 kPa) is recommended.
- 4. TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS: The higher the TDS, the lower the production. Each 100 PPM represents about 1 psi (7 kPa) reduced pressure on the membrane. Thus, 1,000 PPM reduces the effective net pressure by 10 psi (69 kPa).
- WATER TEMPERATURE: Colder water results in lower production. TFC may be used at temperatures up to 113°F (45°C).
- 6. SURFACE COATING OR FOULING: A neglected pre-filter can allow sediment to accumulate on the cartridge surface and impair the necessary flow of water through the filter, thus reducing membrane life. Also, salts can precipitate on the membrane, plugging the pores and channels. A water softener or other types of pre-treatment installed before the RO appliance significantly reduces this load and extends membrane life.
- 7. This system is acceptable for treatment of influent concentrations of no more then 27 mg/L nitrate and 3 mg/L nitrite in combination measured as N and is certified for nitrate/nitrite reduction only for water supplies with a pressure of 210 kPa (30 psig) or greater.

Our Reverse Osmosis Drinking Water appliances contain replaceable treatment components, critical for the effective reduction of Total Dissolved Solids as well as inorganic contaminants. Each appliance will have some or all of the following replacement service components: sediment pre-filter, sediment/carbon block pre-filter (H3500 only), activated carbon pre-filter, prolonged contact filter, activated carbon post-filter, flow restrictor, and the membrane. (Please see replacement element diagrams on the next page.) The life expectancy of these components will vary from one water source to another. Therefore, we recommend that you, the user, have the water tested every six months to maintain acceptable water quality. Operational, maintenance and replacement requirements are essential for these appliances to perform to specification. To maintain the highest quality water, we recommend draining the storage tank every week. Ask your dealer about maintenance programs or monitoring devices for any of our drinking water appliances.



WQA–Performance Data Sheet

Reverse Osmosis / Activated Carbon Drinking Water Appliance

General Operation Limits	Model H3500	Model H6000
Membrane Type	TFC	TFC
Production, WQA ¹ gpd (lpd)	20 (109.77)	19 (72)
Efficiency Rating ²	13.7%	8.2%
Recovery Rating ³	27.2%	16.6%
Pressure, Min-Max, psi (kPa)	40-100 (276-689)	40-100 (276-689)
Temperature, Min-Max, Deg. F (Deg. C)	40°-113° (4.4°-45°)	40°-113° (4.4°-45°)
Chlorine Tolerance, ppm ⁴	0.0	0.0
Hardness, Max grains	10	10
Iron, Max ppm	<0.1	<0.1
Manganese, Max ppm	<0.05	<0.05
pH, Min / Max	5.0/9.0	5.0/9.0
Hydrogen Sulfide, ppm	0.0	0.0
Turbidity, Max NTU	1.0	1.0
TDS, Max ppm	2000	2000

- WQA production is measured against a pressure tank @ 5 psi (34 kPa) backpressure, 77°F (25°C), 50 psi (345 kPa) and 750 mg/L ± 40 mg/L TDS.
 Efficiency Rating means the percentage of the influent water to the system that is available to the user as reverse osmosis treated water under operating conditions that approximate typical daily usage.
 Recovery Rating means the percentage of the influent water to the membrane portion of the system that is available to the user as reverse osmosis treated water when the system is operating without a storage tank or when the storage tank is bypassed.
 NOTE! Actual production rate and TDS reduction will vary depending on water temperature, water pressure, TDS level, usage, and membrane type.
- ⁴ Models equipped with TFC membranes incorporate activated carbon as pretreatment for chlorine.

CAUTION! Contaminants in excess of the established limits will require pretreatment.

WARNING! Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before and/ or after the appliance.

LIMITED 25 YEAR WARRANTY

25 years—Dispensing spigot, filter housings and caps, PCF housing, and cap and membrane housing and cap.

5 years-R.O. storage tank.

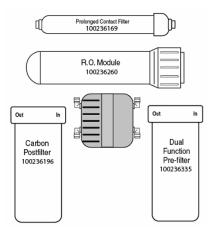
2 years-Permeate pump (H3500 only) and automatic shutoff valve.

1 year-Membrane.

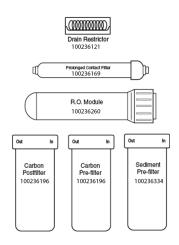
Filters-Are not warranted

REPLACEMENT ELEMENT DIAGRAMS

Routine maintenance is essential for our products to function at peak performance. Estimated costs are listed with the part numbers. We strongly recommend changing the Sediment Pre-filter, Pre-carbon filter, Post-carbon filter and Prolonged contact filter every six months to one year or sooner depending on the quality of the feedwater source. Replace the membrane and the drain restrictor (H6000 series only) when the TDS rejection reaches 75% or less. The practical service life of the membrane is three years. Contact your local dealer for service and sanitizing for your Reverse Osmosis drinking water appliance.



Appliance	Part Number	Estimated Cost
H3500		
Prolonged Contact Filter	100236169	\$11.70
R.O. Module	100236260	\$57.00
Carbon Postfilter	100236196	\$6.48
Dual Function Pre-filter	100236335	\$26.80



Appliance	Part Number	Estimated Cost
H6000		
Drain Restrictor	100236121	\$7.00
Prolonged Contact Filter	100236169	\$11.70
R.O. Module	100236260	\$57.00
Carbon Postfilter	100236196	\$6.48
Carbon Pre-filter	100236196	\$6.48
Sediment Pre-filter	100236334	\$2.60



Fact Section for Pentavalent Arsenic Treatment Appliances

Arsenic (As) is a naturally occurring contaminant found in many ground waters. It generally occurs in two forms (valences or oxidation states): pentavalent arsenic (also known as As(V), As(+5), or arsenate) and trivalent arsenic (also known as As(III), As(+3), or arsenite). In natural ground water, arsenic may exist as trivalent arsenic, pentavalent arsenic, or a combination of both. Although both forms of arsenic are potentially harmful to human health, trivalent arsenic is considered more harmful than pentavalent arsenic. More information about arsenic and its toxicity can be found on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Web site at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/arsenic.html.

These appliances (Model Numbers; H6000 and H3500) are designed to remove only pentavalent arsenic. These appliances do not provide a feature for conversion of trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. The appliances may remove some trivalent arsenic; however, they have not been evaluated to remove trivalent arsenic.

Trivalent arsenic is generally more difficult to remove from drinking water than pentavalent arsenic. Trivalent arsenic can be converted to pentavalent arsenic in the presence of an effective oxidant such as free chlorine. The arsenic in water containing detectable free chlorine or that has been treated with another effective oxidant will be in the pentavalent arsenic form.¹ Treatment with chloramines (combined chlorine) is not sufficient to ensure complete conversion of trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic.

Consumers using public water supplies can contact their utility to verify whether free chlorine treatment chemicals are being used.

¹ Laboratory Study on the Oxidation of Arsenic III to Arsenic V, EPA/600/R-01/021, March 2001 available online at: http://www.epa.gov/ORD/publications/ordpubs.html Private water supplies and waters that do not have detectable free chlorine residuals should be analyzed to determine the form(s) of arsenic present and the potential need for oxidation of trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic.

Arsenic does not generally impart color, taste, or smell to water; therefore, it can only be detected by a chemical analytical test. Public water supplies are required to monitor treated water for total arsenic (trivalent arsenic plus pentavalent arsenic) and the results are available to the public from the utility. Consumers using private water sources will need to make arrangements for testing. A total arsenic test usually costs about \$15–\$30, and it is recommended the test be conducted by a certified laboratory. Local health departments and environmental protection agencies can help provide consumers with a list of certified laboratories. Some laboratories may also be able to analyze specifically for (speciate) the two forms of arsenic present in a water sample if requested.

These appliances were tested under laboratory conditions as defined in NSF/ANSI Standard 58 Reverse Osmosis Drinking Water Treatment appliance and were found to reduce 0.30 mg/L in the test water to less than 0.010 mg/L, under standard testing conditions. Actual performance of the appliance may vary depending on specific water quality conditions at the consumer's installation. Following installation of the appliance, the consumer should have the treated water tested for total arsenic to verify arsenic reduction is being achieved and the appliance is functioning properly.

The pentavalent arsenic removal component of these appliances must be replaced at the end of its useful life (approx. 3 years). The replacement component #100236258 and #100236260 can be purchased from the original source of this appliance (retailer or distributor), from other sources of these appliances, or directly from the manufacturer.

Hague Quality Water 4343 S. Hamilton Rd. Groveport, OH 43125



Checklist Before Installation

Refer to this checklist before installation.

WaterMax[®] H3500 and H6000 are designed for chlorinated municipal and well water supplies.*Refer to RO Specifications.

WaterMax[®] Water Softener or additional types of pretreatment are highly recommended should your water not meet water quality or characteristics standards. Should you have any questions about your water not meeting these standards, contact your Hague dealer.

- Water Quality—If the water supply contains sand, sulfur, bacteria, iron bacteria, tannins, algae, oil, acid, or other unusual substances, consider pre-treating the water to remove these contaminants before the water supply enters the appliance, unless the appliance is represented as being capable of treating these contaminants in its specifications. Consider purchasing and installing a WaterMax[®] water conditioner or filter.
- **Water Pressure**—Not less than 40 psi (276 kPa) constant for **WaterMax®** RO appliances.
- **Drain**—Drain the appliance to an appropriate drain that complies with all local and state plumbing codes. To prevent back-siphoning, provide an adequate air gap or a siphon break. See *Installation Steps and Start-Up Procedures*.
- □ Water Characteristics: pH—The appliance requires a pH of between 5.0 and 9.0 for H3500, H6000, and LC100P models.
- □ Water Characteristics: Iron and/or manganese—A test to determine iron or manganese levels is necessary. Should iron exceed 0.1 ppm, or manganese exceed 0.05 ppm, additional pretreatment is recommended.

If you have any questions, contact your Hague dealer.

Precautions

Do

- 1. Comply with all state and local, building, plumbing, and electrical codes.
- 2. Check all fittings and locking clips to ensure none are loose.
- 3. Install the appliance after the pressure tank on well-water installations.
- 4. Connect to the cold water supply only!

Do Not

- 1. Do not install if checklist items are not satisfactory. See Checklist Before Installation.
- 2. Do not install if the incoming or outlet piping water temperature exceeds 113°F (45°C). See *Specifications*.
- 3. Do not use to treat water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the appliance.
- 4. Do not allow your appliance to freeze.
- 5. Do not tie into hot water feed.



Installation Tool List

The following are the tools you may need for installation.

Recommended Tool List	Optional Tool List
1/4-inch High-speed drill bit	Needle nose pliers
7/16-inch High-speed drill bit	7/8-inch High-speed hole saw
1/2-inch High-speed drill bit, with 3/8-inch shank (for non air gap spigot)	Air-pressure test gauge, 1-20 psi
1-inch High-speed drill bit with 1/2-inch shank (for air gap spigot)	7/8-inch chassis punch
1/2-inch Drill motor (for 1-inch high-speed drill bit)	Conductivity or TDS meter
1/2-inch Open-end wrench	Water-pressure test gauge
9/16-inch Open-end wrench	Bicycle tire pump
5/8-inch Open-end wrench	Silicon/carbide grinding wheel
Medium-sized Phillips screwdriver	High-speed Dremel tool



Installation Diagram

WaterMax[®] H3500 and H6000

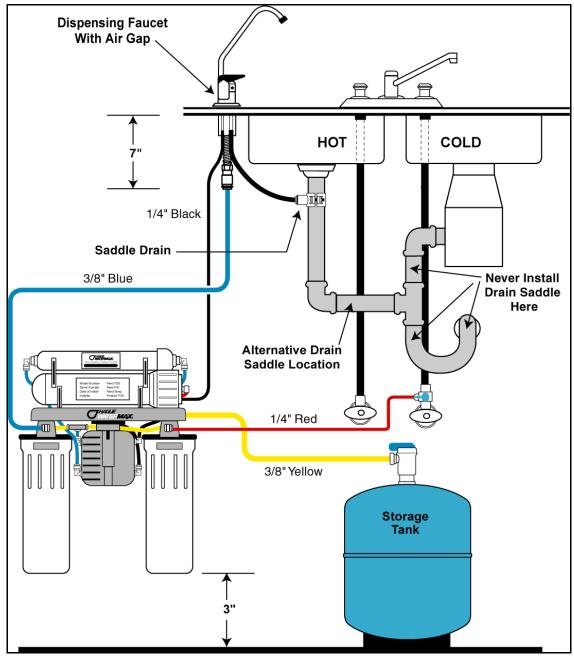


Figure 2: Installation Diagram

Notes:

- 1. For maximum flow, keep yellow tubing to tank and blue tubing to spigot as short as practical.
- 2. Install feed water line on COLD WATER LINE ONLY.
- 3. Installation procedures for the WaterMax® H6000, and H3500 are identical.



Typical Flow Diagram

WaterMax[®] H3500

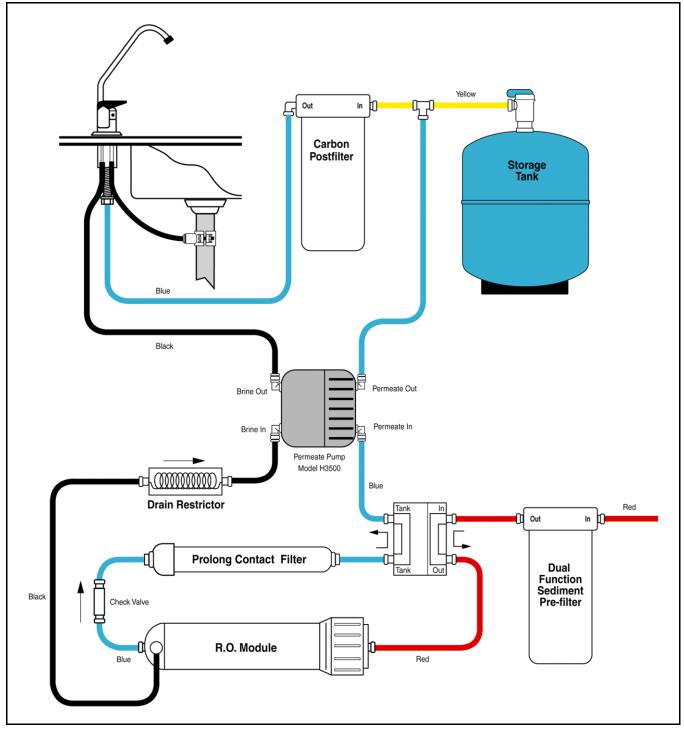


Figure 3: WaterMax® H3500 Flow Diagram



Booster Pump Retrofit Diagrams

WaterMax[®] H6000

For retrofit instructions see form #F0874

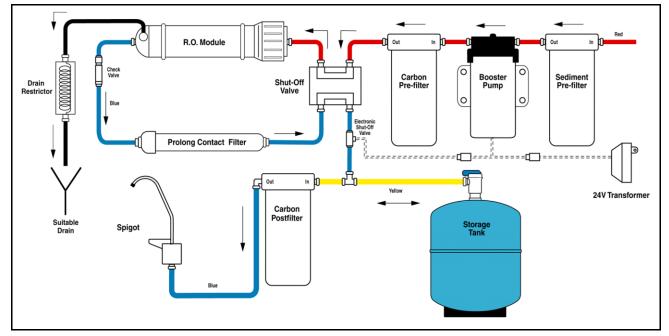


Figure 4: WaterMax® H6000

Installation Steps and Start-Up Procedures

We recommend that you have your local Hague dealer install and service this appliance.

Warning: Installation of this appliance must conform with state and local plumbing and electrical codes, laws, regulations, and the instructions provided with this appliance. Failure to install as instructed will void the product warranty.

Step 1

Study the Installation Diagram

Study the overall installation diagram before proceeding, to familiarize yourself with the general layout of the appliance (See Figure 2).

Step 2

Check Fit

Ensure that the complete appliance will fit under the sink. Check all factory fittings¹ and tubing connections. Be sure all locking clips are in place. See steps A through F and the illustrations below for tube connection instructions.

¹The **WaterMax**[®] RO has been pressure tested. However, due to shipping vibrations, Hague recommends rechecking all factory fittings upon installation.



A. Cut tube square



Cut the tube square. It is essential that the outside diameter be free of score marks and that burrs and sharp edges be removed before inserting into fitting.

B. Insert tube



The fitting grips before it seals.

C. Push up to tube stop



Push the tube into the fitting to the tube stop. The collet (gripper) has stainless-steel teeth that hold the tube firmly in position while the O-Ring provides a permanent leak-proof seal.

D. Insert the locking clip



Insert the locking clip. The locking clip secures the collet in its position to prevent an accidental disconnection of the tube.

E. Pull to check security



Pull on the tube to check that it is secure. Test the appliance before leaving the site or before use.

F. Disconnecting



To disconnect, ensure that the appliance is depressurized. Remove the locking clip. Push in the collet squarely against face of the fitting. With the collet held in this position, the tube can be removed. The fitting can then be re-used.



Step 3

Install the Spigot Assembly

The most convenient installation would allow the use of an existing spray attachment hole. If the spray attachment hole is not available, then follow the basic procedures outlined below.

Drilling a stainless steel sink:

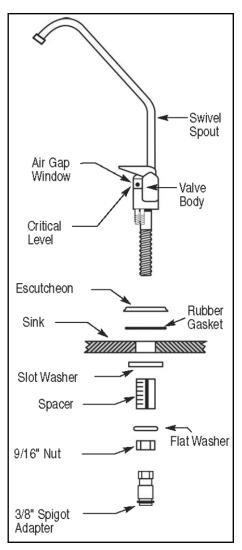
- A. Mark the sink location for the center of the faucet.
- **B.** Impact punch the sink top to provide a starting point for the drill bit.
- **C.** Drill a 1/4-inch pilot hole in the sink using a high-speed drill bit.
- D. Drill a 1/2-inch diameter hole to accept the bolt of a 1-1/4-inch Greenlee Chassis Punch.
- E. Set the punch and turn the nut with a wrench to cut the hole. Follow Greenlee instructions.

Drilling a porcelain clad steel or cast iron sink:

- A. Mark the sink location for the center of the faucet. Be sure the location you select is not over a reinforcing rib. Check the location from below.
- B. Grind away a 1-1/4-inch diameter circle in the porcelain using a silicon/carbide wheel and high-speed grinder (See *Installation Tool List*), down to the metal surface of the sink. (See Figure 6)
- **C.** Impact punch a small indent in the center of the area ground away.
- D. Drill a 1/4-inch pilot hole through the metal base using a standard high-speed drill bit.

Caution: Be careful when the drill is about to penetrate the base metal of the sink. Reduce the speed and support the drill so the drill chuck does not impact the porcelain or enamel.

E. Use the pilot hole as a guide to drill a minimum 1-inch up to a 1-1/4-inch diameter hole with carbide bits to mount the RO air gap spigot.





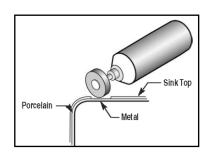


Figure 6: Grinding Wheel



Step 4

Prepare the RO Air Gap Spigot Assembly for Installation

- A. Using the diagram in Figure 5, assemble the Air Gap Spigot with all the components except the slot washer. Begin with the escutcheon, followed by the rubber gasket, spacer, flat washer, 9/16-inch nut, and 3/8-inch spigot adapter.
- B. Using the diagram in Figure 2, from under the sink, feed the pre-connected 1/4-inch black tube and the pre-connected 3/8-inch blue tube from the RO assembly through the hole in the sink. Remove the red locking clip from the spigot adapter, slip the blue tube into the spigot adapter, and replace the red locking clip. Slip the 1/4-inch black tube onto the small hose barb on the base of the spigot.
- C. Slip one end of the loose 3/8-inch black tube over the large hose barb on the base of the spigot.

Installation Tip: To make it easier to slip the tubing over the hose barbs, soak the black tube ends in hot water to soften the tubing. The tubing will slip onto the hose barbs much more easily, and will conform better as it cools and reduce the possibility of splitting.

- **D**. Feed the assembled spigot and tubing through the hole in the sink and let the spigot rest on the rubber gasket and escutcheon.
- E. From under the sink, slip the slot washer between the sink and the spacer and finger-tighten the 9/16-inch nut until snug.
- **F.** Position the spigot for customer convenience and then use a 9/16-inch wrench to tighten the nut to secure the spigot on the sink.





Install the Feed Water Supply Valve

For Installation with Standard Angle Stop Water Supply Valve

- A. Shut off the water at the angle stop valve.
- **B.** Use a 5/8-inch open-end wrench to loosen the compression nut on the angle stop riser tube.
- C. Install the Feed Water Supply valve onto the angle stop. Use the 5/8-inch wrench to tighten the compression nut on the feed water supply valve. **Do not overtighten!**
- D. Reconnect the riser tube to the other end of the feed water supply valve. Do not overtighten! Caution: A longer riser tube assembly will be required if a gentle loop cannot be made (See Figure 7).
- E. Remove the red locking clip from the feed water supply valve. Fully insert the red 1/4-inch tube into the speedfit connection and replace the red locking clip. The new feed water valve can be swiveled to position the tubing out of the way of under sink items.
- F. Make sure the feed water supply valve is off before turning the angle stop valve on. Check for leaks.

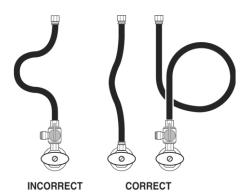


Figure 7: Flexible Hose Positions

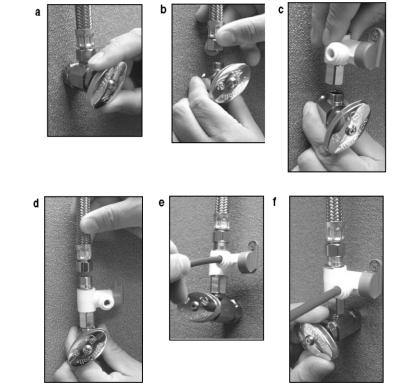


Figure 8: Installation With Flexible Hose



Step 6

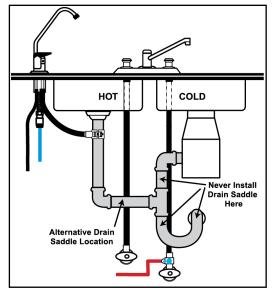
Install the Drain Saddle Assembly

The drain assembly should be installed above the P-trap on the vertical or horizontal tailpiece. (See Figure 9)

- A. Position the drain saddle in the desired location, mark the spot to be drilled, and remove the saddle. (See Figure 10)
- **B.** Drill a 7/16-inch hole through one side of drain pipe only.
- **C.** Peel off the white backing from the drain gasket and apply the gasket to the "port" connection of the drain saddle.

Make sure to align the drain saddle to the drilled hole. Attach the drain saddle to the drain pipe and tighten the two screws evenly.

D. Cut the 3/8-inch black tube to desired length and connect to the drain saddle with the provided clip.



Note: State and local plumbing codes may prohibit the use of saddle valve connections.

Figure 9: Drain Saddle Assembly Mounting Locations

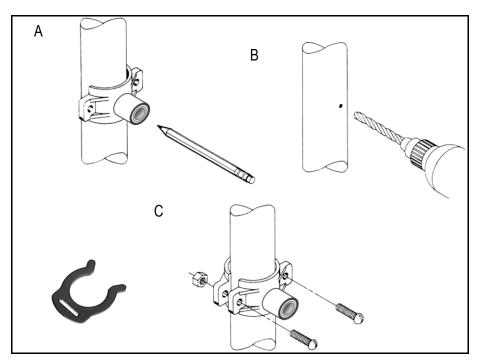


Figure 10: Drain Saddle Assembly



Step 7

Step 9

Mount the Reverse Osmosis Appliance

Mount the RO Appliance on the cabinet wall using the screws supplied. Leave 3 inches (8 cm) below the bottom of the filter housing for clearance when changing filters (See Figure 2).

Step 8 Start-Up Procedure

- A. Check all connections to ensure they are tight, with locking clips in place.
- B. Turn on the feed water and check for leaks.
- C. Open the valve on top of the storage tank.
- D. The appliance is now in operation.

Operation Procedure

- A. Operation of the appliance will require two to five hours to initially fill the storage tank.
- **B.** After the storage tank is filled, open the spigot by lifting the black handle to the up position and drain the tank.
- C. After the tank has drained, return the black handle to the off position.
- D. Allow the storage tank to refill, and drain again. The water is now ready to use.



Changing Filters

When replacing the primary filter of any RO appliance equipped with a permeate pump, be sure to follow the purge procedures exactly. Failure to do this may result in premature failure of the permeate pump due to an "air locked" condition created when entrained air enters the brine cavity of the permeate pump. This condition stalls the valves of the pump and will either stop brine flow or allow continuous flow to the drain.

Note: Whenever any filter is changed, sanitize the appliance. See Sanitizing the WaterMax RO Appliance.

Caution: Lubricate O-Rings with glycerin. Never use a petroleum-based lubricant where it can contact the O-Rings.

Changing the Sediment Pre-Filter

- 1. Turn off the ball valve on top of the storage tank 1/4 turn clockwise. (See Figure 2).
- 2. Turn off the feed (cold) water supply valve. (See Figure 11).
- 3. Lift the black handle on the dispensing spigot and wait at least five minutes for the pressure to be relieved from the appliance.
- 4. Remove the Pre-Filter housing by turning it counterclockwise (as viewed from the bottom). If you encounter difficulty, use the filter wrench provided with your RO.
- 5. Inspect the Pre-Filter. If it is visibly dirty, discard it.
- 6. Wash out the filter housing using warm, soapy water and rinse thoroughly.
- 7. Sanitize the appliance. See *Sanitizing the WaterMax RO Appliance*.
- 8. Be sure the O-Ring is properly seated in the groove that is located in the top of the filter housing and lubricated with glycerin.
- Insert the new Pre-Filter. (For correct operation, the correct pre-filter designed for your particular model MUST be used). (See Figure 15).

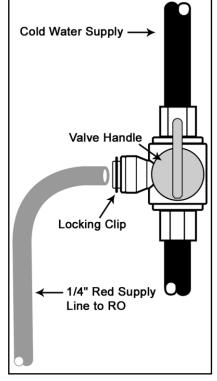


Figure 11: Feed Water Supply Valve

- 10. Reattach the filter housing.
- 11. Purge the air out of the filter by removing the 1/4-inch locking clip from the elbow connection from the fitting in the "out" port on the Pre-Filter cap. (See Figure 16).
- 12. Connect a suitable length of 1/4-inch tubing to the out port and route to the sink. Turn on the water supply and flush the filter until the water runs clear and steady.
- 13. Turn off the feed water supply and remove the flush tubing.
- 14. Reattach the red feed tube and the 1/4-inch locking clip to the fitting on the outlet fitting.
- 15. Turn on the feed water supply valve and check that the permeate pump is functioning properly. Let the water run for ten to fifteen minutes to confirm consistent performance.
- 16. Close the tank valve to check for proper shutoff valve function. When the permeate pump stops cycling, the water flow has shut off.



Changing Filters, Cont.

- 17. Open the tank valve to allow the shutoff valve to open and resume normal operation of the RO. If the permeate pump does not begin to cycle, lift up on the black handle of the dispensing spigot and let the water run until the permeate pump begins to cycle.
- 18. Turn on the storage tank ball valve.
- 19. Inspect for leaks.

Note: With a new installation or after replacing the primary filter with the storage tank empty, it is normal for the water to run steady to the drain. The pump will start to cycle once the pressure starts to build in the storage tank. It may take up to 20 minutes for the permeate pump to cycle, which is normal.

Changing the Carbon Pre-Filter (H6000 Only)

- 1. Turn off the ball valve on top of the storage tank 1/4 turn clockwise (See Figure 2).
- 2. Turn off the feed water supply valve (See Figure 11).
- 3. Lift the black handle of the dispensing spigot and wait at least five minutes for the pressure to be relieved from the system.
- 4. Remove the Carbon Pre-Filter housing by turning it counterclockwise (as viewed from the bottom) and dispose of the spent cartridge. If you encounter difficulty, use the filter wrench provided with your RO.
- 5. Wash out the filter housing using warm soapy water and rinse thoroughly.
- 6. Be sure the O-Ring is properly seated in the groove located in the top of the filter housing and lubricated with glycerin.
- 7. Sanitize the appliance. See Sanitizing the WaterMax RO Appliance.
- 8. Insert the new Carbon Pre-Filter of the same type and reattach the filter housing.
- 9. Follow steps 11–19 of Changing the Sediment Pre-Filter.

Changing the Dual-Function Pre-Filter (H3500 and LC100P Only)

Follow the instructions in *Changing the Sediment Pre-Filter*. Ensure that air is purged from the filter for any appliance equipped with a permeate pump.



Changing Filters, Cont.

Changing the Membrane

We strongly recommend that you seek the services of a Hague dealer to change your RO membrane, as well as perform a complete check-up and re-sanitize your appliance.

Be sure to order the proper membrane for your appliance: TFC. See Assembly and Parts, RO Assembly.

- 1. Turn off the ball valve on top of the storage tank 1/4 turn clockwise (See Figure 2).
- 2. Turn off the feed water supply valve (See Figure 11).
- 3. Lift the black handle on the dispensing spigot and wait at least five minutes for the pressure to be relieved from the appliance.
- 4. Detach the red tubing connection on the pressure vessel end cap. (See Figure 17)
- 5. Remove the pressure vessel end cap by turning counterclockwise.
- 6. Remove the membrane, use needle nose pliers to grab the product tube and pull the membrane out of the housing.
- 7. Sanitize the appliance. (See Sanitizing the WaterMax RO Appliance).
- Insert the new membrane, making sure that the brine seal (See Figure 15) and the product water O-Rings are seated. Lubricate the brine seal and O-Rings with glycerin.
 Caution: Do not touch the filter(s) with your bare hands. Peel the wrapper and use as a sleeve to prevent contamination. Wearing clean latex gloves can help prevent hand contact.
- 9. Inspect the O-Rings on the pressure vessel end cap and lubricate with glycerin. Replace if damaged or out of round.
- 10. Replace the end cap by turning clockwise.
- 11. Reattach the tubing to the pressure vessel end cap.

Changing the Carbon Post-Filter

- 1. Turn off the ball valve on top of the storage tank 1/4 turn clockwise. (See Figure 2.)
- 2. Turn off the feed water supply valve (See Figure 11).
- 3. Lift the black handle of the dispensing spigot and wait at least five minutes for the pressure to be relieved from the system.
- 4. Remove the Carbon Post-Filter housing by turning it counterclockwise (as viewed from the bottom) and dispose of the spent cartridge. If you encounter difficulty, use the filter wrench provided with your RO.
- 5. Wash out the Post-Filter housing using warm soapy water and rinse thoroughly.
- 6. Be sure the O-Ring is properly seated in the groove located in the top of the post-filter housing and lubricate with glycerin.
- 7. Sanitize the storage tank. (See Sanitizing the WaterMax RO Appliance.)
- 8. Insert the new Carbon Post-Filter of the same type and reattach the Post-Filter housing.
- 9. Turn on the feed water supply valve.
- 10. Turn on the storage tank valve.
- 11. Inspect for leaks.
- 12. Allow the first two tanks full of water to flush the Carbon Post-Filter before use.



Sanitizing the WaterMax[®] RO Appliance

Sanitize the RO assembly and storage tank during installation and when replacing filters to prevent bad taste and odor in the drinking water. Common household chlorine bleach (5.25% - unscented) is suitable for this purpose.

Hint: Before you sanitize an RO appliance that has been in operation in a customer's home, the customer may wish to draw off some drinking water into a pitcher. It may be several hours until a sanitized RO appliance has generated sufficient clean water to meet their needs. Also, disconnect the icemaker to prevent it from freezing up, as well as any similar devices.

Caution: The procedures described below are for maintenance purposes only and are not intended to sterilize an appliance that has become heavily contaminated from misuse or neglect.

Sanitize the RO Assembly

- 1. Close the feed water valve and open the RO spigot to drain any water from the storage tank. The tank should be light when picked up. If the tank is heavy, leave the spigot open and use a tire pump to pump air into the tank to displace the water. When the tank is drained, use a low-pressure tire gauge to adjust the air charge to between 5 and 7 psi (34 and 48 kPa).
- 2. Close the RO spigot.
- Remove the pre-filter housing(s) and discard the spent cartridge(s). Wash out the housing(s) with warm
 water and soap using a bottlebrush and then rinse thoroughly with clear water to flush away any soap
 residue.

Note: Be sure all carbon pre- and post-filters are removed during the sanitizing procedure.

- Insert the new cartridge(s) for the specific model.
 Caution: Do not touch the filter(s) with your bare hands. Peel the wrapper and use as a sleeve to prevent contamination. Wearing clean latex gloves can help prevent hand contact.
- Pour 1 teaspoon (5 mL) of chlorine bleach directly down the center of the pre-filter cartridge so it will collect in the small cuplike centering device in the bottom of the housing. Keep the housing upright when attaching to the appliance to prevent spilling.
 Note: For model H6000, flush the Carbon Pre-Filter to remove the carbon fines. Pour 1 teaspoon (5

mL) of chlorine bleach into the top of the flushed Carbon Pre-Filter cartridge.

- 6. Open the feed water valve and let the water run to the drain until there is a strong chlorine odor at the end of the drain line. Shut off the feed water and let the RO sit for twenty minutes.
- 7. After twenty minutes, open the feed water valve and let the RO run for two to five hours.
- 8. Empty the tank and allow the appliance to refill. The water is now ready for use.



Sanitizing the WaterMax[®] RO Appliance, Cont.

Sanitize the Storage Tank

The two options outlined below are the most convenient ways to sanitize the storage tank of your drinking water appliance. Other methods may be used but require more complex procedures and apparatus typically used by a professional Hague service technician.

Option 1

- 1. Close the feed water valve and open the RO spigot to drain any water from the storage tank. The tank should be light when picked up. If the tank is heavy, leave the spigot open; use a tire pump and pump air into the tank to displace the water. When the tank is drained, use a low-pressure tire gauge to adjust the air charge between 5 and 7 psi (34 and 48 kPa).
- 2. Close the RO spigot and close the valve on top of the storage tank 1/4 turn clockwise.
- 3. Remove the red locking clip and disconnect the yellow tubing from the tank valve.
- 4. Place the tank in the sink with the valve port pointed away from you and open the valve 1/4 turn counterclockwise to rid the tank of any water not previously drained.
- 5. Add 1/2 teaspoon (3 mL) of chlorine bleach (5.25% unscented) to the port of the tank valve.
- 6. Close the tank valve. Put the tank back in place and reinsert the yellow tube and red locking clip.
- 7. Open the feed water valve to pressurize the appliance and verify flow to the drain.
- 8. Open the tank valve and let the appliance run for two to five hours to fill the tank. Lift the spigot handle to empty the tank and allow the appliance to refill. The water is now ready for use.

Option 2

- 1. Follow steps 1 and 2 as outlined above, then proceed as follows.
- 2. Remove the Pre-Filter housing and discard the spent cartridge. Wash out the housing with warm water and soap using a bottlebrush and then rinse thoroughly with clear water to flush away any soap residue.
- Insert the new cartridge for the specified model.
 Caution: Do not touch the filter with your bare hands. Peel the wrapper and use as a sleeve to prevent contamination. Wearing clean latex gloves can help prevent hand contact.
- 4. Pour 1 teaspoon (5 mL) of chlorine bleach directly down the center of the Pre-Filter cartridge so it will collect in the small cuplike centering device in the bottom of the housing. Keep the housing upright when attaching to prevent spilling.
- 5. Remove the 1/4-inch red locking clip from the elbow on the "OUT" port of the pre-filter cap. Disconnect the red tube.
- 6. Remove the 1/4-inch red locking clip from the 3/8-inch x 3/8-inch x 1/4-inch reducing tee, and disconnect the 1/4-inch blue tube from the 1/4-inch branch of the reducing tee. Use a suitable length of 1/4-inch polyethylene tubing and connect to the elbow and tee connections.
- 7. Open the feed water valve and the tank valve and allow the sanitizing solution to flow to the tank for two to three minutes for the standard 4.4-gallon tank (11.7 L).
- 8. Close the tank valve and the feed water valve. Lift up on the spigot handle to depressurize the tank line and let the water flow until it stops and then close the spigot handle.
- 9. Remove the by-pass tubing and reconnect the red and blue tubes as well as the locking clips.
- 10. Open the feed water valve and the tank valve. Drain the tank after twenty to thirty minutes and allow the appliance to refill. The water is now ready for use.



Assembly and Parts

Feed Water Service Valve Assembly



Figure 12: Feed Water Assembly

	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	100236312	Feed Water Service Valve Assembly	1
2	100236204	1/4-inch Locking clip	1



RO Air Gap Spigot (Lead Free)



Figure 13: RO Air Gap Spigot (Lead Free)

	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	100236513	Filter housing wrench	1
2	100236281	Air gap spigot assembly	1
3	100236285	Spigot adapter, 3/8-inch x 7/16-inch J.G.	1
4	100236202	Locking clip, 3/8-inch	1
5	100037839	Spigot rebuild kit	1



Assembly and Parts, Cont.

Drain Saddle Assembly

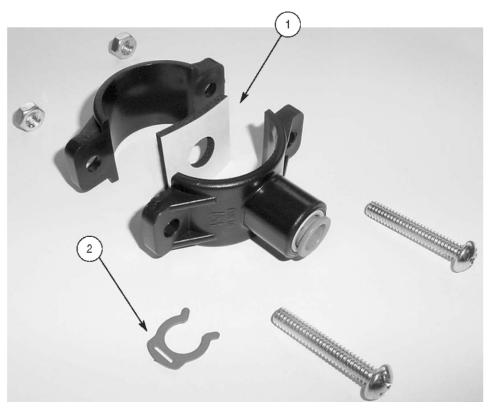


Figure 14: Drain Saddle Assembly

		Part #	Description	Quantity
ĺ	1	100236147	Drain saddle assembly, 2 Piece (Plastic)	1
	2	2 100236202 3/8-inch Locking clip		1



RO Assembly (Front View)

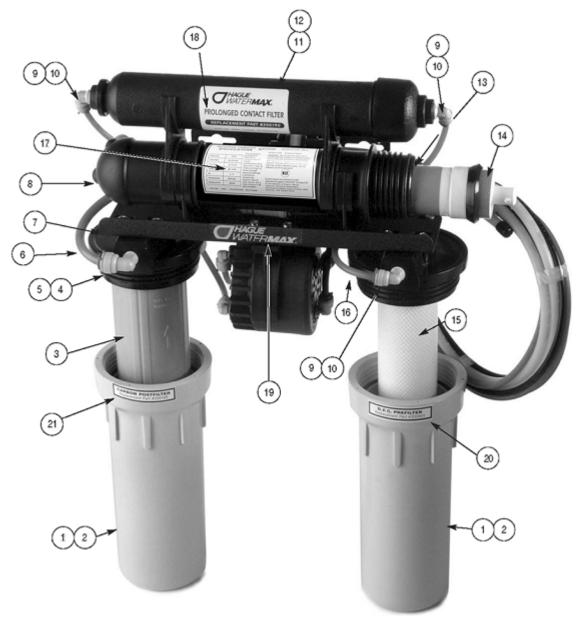


Figure 15: H3500 RO Assembly (Front View)



RO Parts (Front View)

	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	100236300	Filter sump	1
2	100236300	O-Ring, 10-inch filter sump	1
3	100236196	Carbon Post-Filter, 10-inch GAC	1
4	100241864	Male elbow, 3/8-inch x 1/4-inch (Plastic)	1
5	100236202	Locking clip, 3/8-inch	1
6	100236424	3/8-inch x 5-foot tubing, blue	1
7	100236113	Bracket, all models	1
8	100236243	Membrane housing, black	1
9	100236204	Locking clip, 1/4-inch	3
10	100236432	Male elbow, 1/4-inch x 1/4-inch (Plastic)	3
11	100236169	Prolonged contact filter, 12-inch	1
12	100236179	Inline nitrate filter (Optional)	1
13	100236512	Pressure vessel O-Ring	1
14	100236260	TFC membrane, 50 gpd	1
15	100236335	Dual-Function Pre-Filter	1
16	100236418	1/4-inch x 5-foot tubing, red	1
17	100242234	Label, membrane test	1
18	100236380	Label, prolonged contact filter	1
19	100241876	Label, Hague WaterMax [®]	1
20	100236333	Label, DFC Pre-Filter	1
21	100236352	Label, Carbon Post-Filter	1



RO Assembly (Back View)

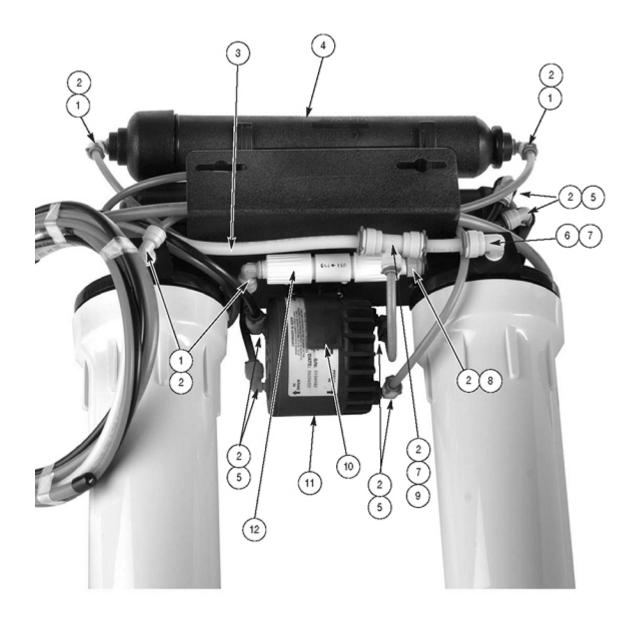


Figure 16: H3500 RO Assembly (Back View)



RO Parts (Back View)

	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	100236432	Male elbow, 1/4-inch x 1/4-inch (Plastic)	4
2	100236204	Locking clip, 1/4-inch	12
3	100236425	3/8-inch x 5-foot tubing, yellow	1
4	100236169	Prolonged contact filter, 12-inch	1
5	100236514	Plug in elbow, 1/4-inch tube x 1/4-inch Stem	6
6	100241864	Male elbow, 3/8-inch x 1/4-inch (Plastic)	1
7	100236202	Locking clip, 3/8-inch	3
8	100236435	Male connector, 1/4-inch x 1/4-inch	1
9	100236517	Reducing tee, 3/8-inch x 3/8-inch x 1/4-inch (Plastic)	1
10	100242367	Mounting clip, permeate pump	1
11	100242367	Permeate pump	1
12	100236121	Flow restrictor/pressure control, 525 mL/M, 50 gpd	



RO Assembly (Top/Back View)



Figure 17: H3500 RO Assembly (Top/Back View)



RO Parts (Top/Back View)

	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	100242283	1/4-inch Check valve	1
2	100236204	Locking clip, 1/4-inch	12
3	100236517	Reducing tee, 3/8-inch x 3/8-inch x 1/4-inch (Plastic)	1
4	100037623	1/4-inch x 5-foot tubing, red	1
5	100037619	1/4-inch x 5-foot tubing, black	1
6	100037633	3/8-inch x 5-foot tubing, blue	1
7	100037632	3/8-inch x 5-foot tubing, yellow	1
8	100236202	Locking clip, 3/8-inch	3
9	100241864	Male elbow, 3/8-inch x 1/4-inch (Plastic)	1
10	100236514	Plug-in elbow, 1/4-inch tube x 1/4-inch Stem	3
11	100236232	Membrane housing cap, black, with O-Ring	1
12	100236432	Male elbow, 1/4-inch x 1/4-inch	2
13	100236135	2-inch vessel clip	2
14	100242366	Permeate pump shutoff valve	1
15	100236306	Screw, 10-32	2
16	100236307	Hex nut, 10-32 Nylock	2
17	100236142	PCF to vessel clip	2
18	100236273	Sheet metal screw, #10 x 3/4-inch, Phillips	8

Optional Parts

Part #	Description	Quantity			
Options , Permeate Pum	Options, Permeate Pump Retrofit Kit - P/N PAM5000				
100236204	Locking clip, 1/4-inch	8			
100242365	Permeate pump	1			
100236514	Plug in elbow, 1/4-inch tube x 1/4-inch stem	4			
100242367	Mounting clip, permeate pump	1			
100236306	Screw, 10-32 x 1/2-inch, Phillips	2			
100236307	Hex nut, 10-32 Nylock	2			
100242366	Permeate pump shut-off valve	1			
Options, Storage Tanks					
100236127	10.7gallon pressure tank*	1			

*H3500 is not certified by WQA with this tank



Storage Tank Assembly

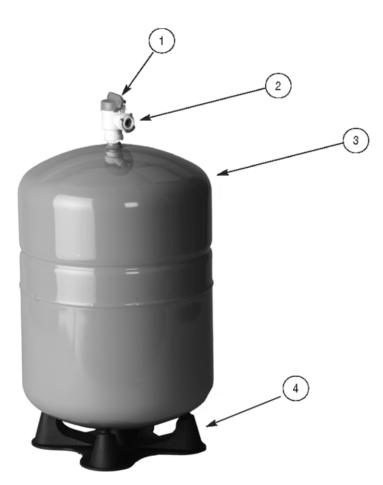


Figure 18: Storage Tank Assembly

	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	100236440	Tank shutoff valve, 3/8-inch x 1/4-inch, plastic	1
2	100236202	3/8-inch Locking clip	1
3	100236124	RO storage tank, 4.4 gallon (16.7 L) capacity	1
	100236127	10.7 gallon pressure tank*	1

*H3500 is not certified by WQA with this tank



Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
High product water TDS	Membrane expended	Replace Membrane module. Contact your local Hague dealer
	Membrane attack by chlorine	Precarbon may be exhausted. Replace with a new cartridge and a new membrane
	Check valve failure (H6000 & LC100P Only)	Replace check valve. Contact your local Hague dealer
	Insufficient brine flow rate-screen of flow restrictor pressure/control plugged (H6000 & LC100P Only)	Replace or flush out screen and /or flow restrictor/pressure control. Contact your local Hague dealer
	A clogged pre-filter creates pressure drop and low brine flow	Replace the clogged pre-filter cartridge with a new one
	Feed pressure too low	See Filter Specifications chart to verify minimum feed pressure for your model
	Insufficiently flushed Carbon Post-Filter cartridge	Flush Carbon Post-Filter with product water. One or two tanks should be sufficient
	Leaking permeate pump diaphragm	Contact your local Hague dealer
No water or not enough	Feed water shut off	Turn on your feed water valve
water	Low feed pressure	See Filter Specifications chart to verify minimum feed pressure for your model
	A pre-filter cartridge clogged	Replace the clogged pre-filter cartridge with a new one
	Screen in flow restrictor/pressure control plugged (H6000 & LC100P Only)	Replace or flush out screen and/or flow restrictor/pressure control. Contact your local Hague dealer
	Membrane fouled	Determine and correct cause; replace membrane. Contact your local Hague dealer
	Product check valve stuck	Replace check valve
	Tank overpressurized	Adjust air pressure between 5 and 7 psi (34 and 48 kPa)
	Over use	Contact your local Hague dealer
	Tank valve off	Open tank valve
	Stalled permeate pump	Confirm both product and reject flow into and out of permeate pump. Replace pump if necessary
Low flow rate from	Low water production	See "No water or not enough water"
spigot	Tank lost air precharge	Adjust air pressure between 5 and 7 psi (34 and 48 kPa) valve stem and tighten
	Tank diaphragm slipped	Replace tank
	Carbon Post-Filter clogged	Replace Carbon Post-Filter cartridge
	Tank valve partially closed	Open tank valve



Troubleshooting, Cont.

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Bad tasting water	Increase in product TDS	See "High product water TDS"
	Carbon Post-Filter exhausted	Replace Carbon Post-Filter cartridge
	Tank and appliance contaminated	Replace Pre- and Post-Filter, sanitize tank and appliance
	Tank contaminated	Sanitize tank
	Tank diaphragm failure	Replace tank and postfilter cartridges
	Carbon Post-Filter cartridge not flushed completely	Flush one or two tanks of product water through Post-Filter
Cloudy water	Dissolved air in feed water, which is concentrated in product water	This condition usually clears up eventually as the condition of feed water changes. Letting water stand will allow dissolved air to dissipate
Cloudy ice cubes	Increase in product TDS	See "High product water TDS"
	Dissolved air in feed water, which is concentrated in product water	Contact your local Hague dealer
	Certain ice cube shapes trap more dissolved air than others. The larger, more squared off cubes are the clearest. Smaller, rounded surface ice cubes are cloudier	Change ice cube mold shape, make cubes manually if using automatic. Let water sit to release dissolved air before freezing
RO membrane is bad	Membrane fouled, hydrolyzed, ruptured, or attacked by bacteria	Replace membrane
Pre- or Post-Filter leaks from housing	Deformed or stretched O-Ring or housing not tight	Replace O-Ring and clean seating surface or tighten housing
Flow/pressure control plugged	Dirt or debris plugging flow restrictor tube	Replace flow restrictor/pressure control
Spigot-valve leaks through spout	Valve seat is defective	Repair spigot assembly, P/N 10271
Air gap overflows	Debris is lodged in 3/8-inch tube from air gap to drain	Disconnect the tube from drain saddle and clean out debris
Handle breaks off	Fatigue or misuse	Repair spigot assembly, P/N 10271
Spout breaks off	Fatigue or misuse	Replace spout assembly, P/N 200350
Valve leaks around stem	Fatigue	Replace stem assembly, P/N 10271
Leak at base of spout	Fatigue	Repair spigot assembly, P/N 10271
Tank-Loss of Air	Tank may lose air over a period of time	Adjust air pressure between 5 and 7 psi (34 and 48 kPa)
Failed diaphragm	Pressure exceeds diaphragm strength due to combination of high feed pressure and low precharge, or defective tank	Replace tank



RO Specifications

	1100001	1105004	
Model Part #	H6000 ¹ 3140	H3500 ¹ 2141	LC100P N/A
Membrane	TFC	TFC	TFC
Production Rates Gallons per day ² Liters per day ² WQA gpd ³ WQA lpd ³	N/A N/A 19 72	N/A N/A 29 109.77	100 378 N/A N/A
Water Pressure (Min-Max) psi (kPa)	40–100 (276–689)	40–100 (276–689)	40–100 (276–689)
Water Temperature (Min-Max) Deg. F (Deg. C)	40–113 (4.4–45)	40–113 (4.4–45)	40–113 (4.4–45)
Chlorine Tolerance (ppm)	0	0	0
Max. Hardness (Gr. pg)	10	10	10
Max. Iron (ppm)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Max. Mang. (ppm)	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
pH Limit	5.0-9.0	5.0–9.0	5.0–9.0
Max. TDS Limit (ppm)	2000	2000	2000
Hydrogen Sulfide (ppm)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Max. Turbidity (NTU)	1.0	1.0	1.0
TDS Rejection Typical @ 60 psi (414 kPa) WQA @ 50 psi (345 kPa)	N/A WQA=90.1%	N/A WQA=90.1%	97%–98% N/A
Storage–Gal. (L)	3 (11.35)	3 (11.35)	Optional ⁷
Water Supply	Municipal, Well, Non- Chlorinated	Municipal, Well, Non-Chlorinated	Municipal, Well, Non-Chlorinated
Treatment Stages	5	5	44
Prefiltration	5 Micron Sediment, GAC	1 Micron Sediment/ Carbon Block	5 Micron, 20-inch Sediment, GAC
PCF	Standard	Standard	N/A
Postfilter	GAC	GAC	GAC
Height–inches (cm)	16.75 (42.5)	16.75 (42.5)	28.75 (73)
Width–inches (cm)	14.5 (36.8)	14.5 (36.8)	14.5 (36.8)
Depth-inches (cm)	7 (17.8)	7 (17.8)	7 (17.8)
Weight–lb (kg)	35 (15.9)	35 (15.9)	40 (18.1)
Efficiency Rating ⁵	8.2%	13.7%	N/A
Recovery Rating ⁶	16.6%	27.2%	N/A

¹ H6000 and H3500 are certified by WQA to NSF/ANSI Standard 58 for specific performance claims as verified and substantiated by the test data. These are the only units certified by WQA.

 2 Product output is measured to atmosphere with feed water of 77°F (25°C), 60 psi (414 kPa) and 360 ppm TDS.

 3 WQA production is measured against a pressure tank @ 5 psi (34 kPa) backpressure, 77°F (25°C), 50 psi (345 kPa) and 750 mg/L \pm 40 mg/L TDS,

1 NTU turbidity 7.5 \pm 0.5 pH, 1 US/cm.

⁴ LC100P uses dual function prefilter for chlorine taste and odor removal.

Note: Actual production rates may vary depending on water temperature, pressure, TDS level and membrane type.

⁵ Efficiency Rating means the percentage of the influent water to the system that is available to the user as reverse osmosis treated water under operating conditions that approximate typical daily usage.

⁶ Recovery Rating means the percentage of the influent water to the membrane portion of the system that is available to the user as reverse osmosis treated water when the system is operating without a storage tank or when the storage tank is bypassed.

 $^{7}\,\mbox{Storage}$ tank not included. Can use any size storage tank.

This reverse osmosis system contains a replaceable component critical to the efficiency of the system. Replacement of the reverse osmosis component should be with one of identical specifications, as defined by the manufacturer, to assure the same efficiency and contaminant reduction performance.

Notes

Reverse Osmosis Appliance







The H3500 and H6000 systems are certified by the Water Quality Association according to NSF/ANSI 58, NSF/ANSI 372 and CSAB483.1; see performance data sheet for specified claims.



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